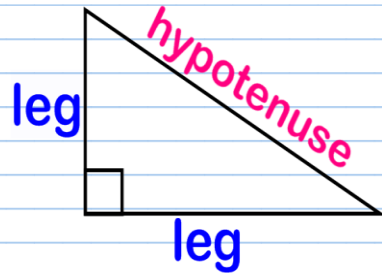


Pythagorean Theorem pg. 63



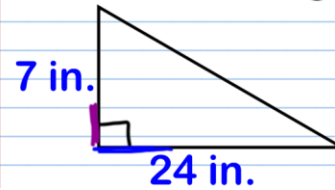
The legs are connected at the right angle.

The hypotenuse is across from the right angle and is the longest side.

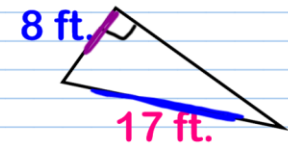
Pythagorean Theorem:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 a^2 + b^2 = c^2 \\
 \uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \\
 \text{leg} \quad \text{leg} \quad \text{hypotenuse}
 \end{array}$$

Find the missing side length:



$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\
 7^2 + 24^2 &= c^2 \\
 49 + 576 &= c^2 \\
 625 &= c^2 \\
 \sqrt{625} &= c \\
 \mathbf{25} &= c
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\
 8^2 + b^2 &= 17^2 \\
 64 + b^2 &= 289 \\
 -64 & \quad -64 \\
 b^2 &= 225 \\
 b &= \sqrt{225} \\
 \mathbf{b} &= \mathbf{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a = 5, b = 12, c = \underline{13} \\
 a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\
 5^2 + 12^2 &= c^2 \\
 25 + 144 &= c^2 \\
 169 &= c^2 \\
 \sqrt{169} &= c \\
 \mathbf{13} &= c
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a = 9, b = \underline{\quad}, c = 12 \\
 a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\
 9^2 + b^2 &= 12^2 \\
 81 + b^2 &= 144 \\
 -81 & \quad -81 \\
 b^2 &= 63 \\
 \mathbf{b} &= \mathbf{\sqrt{63}}
 \end{aligned}$$